thoughtful balance of the Hatch-Waxman Act and BPCIA are plainly undermined.

I share the concerns of Vermonters and Americans across the country that many pharmaceutical products are simply too expensive for consumers. Nearly 3/4 of the public view prescription drug costs as unreasonable, and one in four patients say they have not filled a prescription because of cost. Parents should not be forced to choose between putting food on the table and getting their children and themselves the medicine they need. When drug prices are artificially inflated, patients suffer, illnesses become protracted, and families, government programs, and other pavers in the healthcare system ultimately bear the cost. That is why this legislation is supported by consumer groups, physicians, insurance companies, pharmacists and hospitals who all see firsthand the impact of unreasonably high costs of some prescription drugs.

Earlier this month, Vermont set an example for the Nation when it passed into law drug transparency legislation that will require pharmaceutical companies to justify large increases in their drug prices. Here in Washington, the Senate Aging Committee and other Committees have been doing important work to analyze the root causes of high drug pricing and find practical solutions. Solving this issue will require nuanced, thoughtful work on all sides to ensure that consumers are protected and that pharmaceutical companies that act in good faith can continue to innovate for patients.

With the CREATES Act, the bipartisan leaders of the Senate Judiciary Committee and its Subcommittee on Antitrust, Competition Policy and Consumer Rights are using our roles to address anticompetitive behavior that blocks competition and delays the creation of affordable generic drugs. I thank Senators Grassley, Klobuchar and Lee for joining me in this effort, and for agreeing to hold a hearing on this bill as soon as next week.

Drug affordability is a bipartisan issue that impacts each and every one of us. I hope other Senators will join us in supporting this bipartisan legislation.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 493—RELATIVE TO THE DEATH OF GEORGE V. VOINOVICH, FORMER UNITED STATES SENATOR FOR THE STATE OF OHIO

Mr. PORTMAN (for himself, Mr. Brown, Mr. McConnell, Mr. Reid, Mr. Alexander, Ms. Ayotte, Ms. Baldwin, Mr. Barrasso, Mr. Bennet, Mr. Blumenthal, Mr. Blunt, Mr. Booker, Mr. Boozman, Mrs. Boxer, Mr. Burr, Ms. Cantwell, Mrs. Capito, Mr. Cardin, Mr. Carber, Mr. Cassidy, Mr. Coats, Mr. Cochran, Ms.

COLLINS, Mr. COONS, Mr. CORKER, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. COTTON, Mr. CRAPO, Mr. CRUZ, Mr. DAINES, Mr. DONNELLY, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. ENZI, Mrs. ERNST, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mrs. FISCHER, Mr. FLAKE. Mr. Franken, Mr. Gardner, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, Mr. GRAHAM, Mr. GRASS-LEY, Mr. HATCH, Mr. HEINRICH, Ms. HEITKAMP, Mr. HELLER, Ms. HIRONO, Mr. Hoeven, Mr. Inhofe, Mr. Isakson, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Kaine, Mr. King, Mr. KIRK, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Mr. LANKFORD, Mr. Leahy, Mr. Lee, Mr. Manchin, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. McCain, Mrs. McCaskill, Mr. Menendez, Mr. Merkley, Ms. Mi-KULSKI, Mr. MORAN, Ms. MURKOWSKI, Mr. MURPHY, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. NEL-SON, Mr. PAUL, Mr. PERDUE, Mr. Peters, Mr. Reed, Mr. Risch, Mr. Rob-ERTS, Mr. ROUNDS, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. SASSE, Mr. SCHATZ, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. SCOTT, Mr. SESSIONS, Mrs. Shaheen. Mr. Shelby. Ms. Stabe-NOW, Mr. SULLIVAN, Mr. TESTER, Mr. THUNE, Mr. TILLIS, Mr. TOOMEY, Mr. UDALL, Mr. VITTER, Mr. WARNER, Ms. WARREN, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. WICKER, and Mr. WYDEN) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 493

Whereas George Voinovich was born in Cleveland, Ohio, attended Ohio University and Ohio State University College of Law;

Whereas George Voinovich began his career faithfully serving the State and the people of Ohio as an assistant attorney general of Ohio in 1963; served as a member of the Ohio House of Representatives from 1967 to 1971; served as Cuyahoga County auditor from 1971 to 1976; served as a member of the Cuyahoga County Board of Commissioners from 1977 to 1978; was elected lieutenant governor in 1978; and served as mayor of Cleveland from 1979 to 1989;

Whereas, George Voinovich was elected governor of Ohio in 1991 and was elected to a second term by a landslide, securing 72% of the vote, the highest percentage of the vote ever won by gubernatorial candidate in Ohio history;

Whereas, during his time as governor, he was known for his advocacy and practice of fiscal responsibility, embodied in his call to "working harder and smarter, doing more with less";

Whereas, under his tenure as Governor, Ohio's unemployment rate fell to a 25-year low and he restored the state's budget to financial health;

Whereas, in 1998, George Voinovich was elected to the United States Senate and served until 2011, during which time he was Chairman of the Select Committee on Ethics and a member of the Appropriations Committee;

Whereas, in 2004, George Voinovich was reelected to the United States Senate with more votes than any other Senate candidate in Ohio history;

Whereas, for every public office he held, George Voinovich improved government operations, accountability and financial management; he worked to improve the environment, with particular attention to Lake Erie, and making America more secure;

Whereas, throughout his life, George Voinovich was guided by his deep faith, personal integrity, fiscal responsibility, respect and service to his fellow citizens, and above all, his abiding love of his family, state and nation;

Whereas the people of Ohio have demonstrated their appreciation and affection

for Senator Voinovich by the naming of numerous landmarks after him, including Voinovich Centennial Park, the Voinovich Innerbelt Bridge, and The George V. Voinovich School of Leadership and Public Affairs at Ohio University;

Whereas, in his two terms in the United States Senate and in his other public service, George Voinovich reached across the aisle and sought common ground to solve problems: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate has heard with profound sorrow and deep regret the announcement of the death of George Voinovich, former member of the United States Senate.

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate communicate these resolutions to the House of Representatives and transmit an enrolled copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

Resolved, That when the Senate adjourns today, it stand adjourned as a further mark of respect to the memory of the late George V. Voinovich.

SENATE RESOLUTION 494—DESIGNATING SEPTEMBER 2016 AS "NATIONAL CHILD AWARENESS MONTH" TO PROMOTE AWARENESS OF CHARITIES BENEFITING CHILDREN AND YOUTH-SERVING ORGANIZATIONS THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES AND RECOGNIZING THE EFFORTS MADE BY THOSE CHARITIES AND ORGANIZATIONS ON BEHALF OF CHILDREN AND YOUTH AS CRITICAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE FUTURE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mrs. FEINSTEIN (for herself and Mr. Lankford) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 494

Whereas millions of children and youth in the United States represent the hopes and future of the United States;

Whereas numerous individuals, charities benefiting children, and youth-serving organizations that work with children and youth collaborate to provide invaluable services to enrich and better the lives of children and youth throughout the United States;

Whereas raising awareness of, and increasing support for, organizations that provide access to health care, social services, education, the arts, sports, and other services will result in the development of character and the future success of the children and youth of the United States:

Whereas the month of September, as the school year begins, is a time—

(1) when parents, families, teachers, school administrators, and communities increase focus on children and youth throughout the United States; and

(2) for the people of the United States to highlight and be mindful of the needs of children and youth;

Whereas private corporations and businesses have joined with hundreds of national and local charitable organizations throughout the United States in support of a monthlong focus on children and youth; and

Whereas designating September 2016 as "National Child Awareness Month" would recognize that a long-term commitment to children and youth is in the public interest and will encourage widespread support for charities and organizations that seek to provide a better future for the children and youth of the United States: Now, therefore, be it.

Resolved, That the Senate designates September 2016 as "National Child Awareness Month"—

- (1) to promote awareness of charities benefiting children and youth-serving organizations throughout the United States; and
- (2) to recognize the efforts made by the charities and organizations on behalf of children and youth as critical contributions to the future of the United States.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 4680. Mrs. SHAHEEN (for herself and Mr. VITTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 425 submitted by Mrs. SHAHEEN (for herself and Mr. VITTER) and intended to be proposed to the bill S. 2943, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2017 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4681. Mr. JOHNSON (for himself, Mr. Leahy, Ms. Murkowski, and Mr. Schumer) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 2578, making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce and Justice, Science, and Related Agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4682. Mrs. SHAHEEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 2578, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4683. Mr. ISAKSON (for himself and Mr. PERDUE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 2578, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4684. Mr. PERDUE (for himself and Mr. ISAKSON) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 2578, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 4680. Mrs. SHAHEEN (for herself and Mr. VITTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4253 submitted by Mrs. SHAHEEN (for herself and Mr. VITTER) and intended to be proposed to the bill S. 2943, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2017 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table: as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted, insert the following:

DIVISION F—SBIR AND STTR REAUTHORIZATION AND IMPROVEMENTS SEC. 6001. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the "SBIR and STTR Reauthorization and Improvement Act of 2016".

TITLE LXI—REAUTHORIZATION OF PROGRAMS

SEC. 6101. PERMANENCY OF SBIR PROGRAM AND STTR PROGRAM.

- (a) SBIR.—Section 9(m) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638(m)) is amended—
- (1) in the subsection heading, by striking "TERMINATION" and inserting "SBIR PROGRAM AUTHORIZATION"; and

- (2) by striking "terminate on September 30, 2017" and inserting "be in effect for each fiscal year".
- (b) STTR.—Section 9(n)(1)(A) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638(n)(1)(A)) is amended by striking "through fiscal year 2017".

TITLE LXII—ENHANCED SMALL BUSINESS ACCESS TO FEDERAL INNOVATION INVESTMENTS

VESTMENTS SEC. 6201. ALLOCATION INCREASES AND TRANS-

- PARENCY IN BASE CALCULATION.
 (a) SBIR.—Section 9(f) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638(f)) is amended—
 - (1) in paragraph (1)-
- (A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "expend" and inserting "obligate for expenditure";
- (B) in subparagraph (H), by striking "and" at the end:
- (C) in subparagraph (I), by striking "in fiscal year 2017 and each fiscal year thereafter," and inserting "in each of fiscal years 2017 through 2021"; and
- (D) by inserting after subparagraph (I) the following:
- "(J) for a Federal agency other than the Department of Defense, the National Science Foundation, or the Department of Health and Human Services—
- "(i) not less than 3.4 percent of the extramural budget for research or research and development of the Federal agency in fiscal year 2022:

"(ii) not less than 3.6 percent of such extramural budget in fiscal year 2023;

"(iii) not less than 3.8 percent of such extramural budget in fiscal year 2024;

"(iv) not less than 4 percent of such extramural budget in fiscal year 2025;

"(v) not less than 4.2 percent of such extramural budget in fiscal year 2026;

"(vi) not less than 4.4 percent of such extramural budget in fiscal year 2027; and

"(vii) not less than 4.5 percent of such extramural budget in fiscal year 2028 and each fiscal year thereafter;

"(K) for the Department of Defense—

"(i) not less than 2.6 percent of the budget for research, development, test, and evaluation of the Department of Defense in fiscal year 2022;

"(ii) not less than 2.7 percent of such budget in fiscal year 2023;

"(iii) not less than 2.8 percent of such budget in fiscal year 2024;

"(iv) not less than 2.9 percent of such budget in fiscal year 2025;

"(v) not less than 3 percent of such budget in fiscal year 2026;

"(vi) not less than 3.1 percent of such budget in fiscal year 2027;

"(vii) not less than 3.2 percent of such budget in fiscal year 2028;

 $\lq\lq$ (viii) not less than 3.3 percent of such budget in fiscal year 2029;

"(ix) not less than 3.4 percent of such budget in fiscal year 2030; and

"(x) not less than 3.5 percent of such budget in fiscal year 2031 and each fiscal year thereafter; and

"(L) for the National Science Foundation and the Department of Health and Human Services, for fiscal year 2022 and each fiscal year thereafter, the lesser of—

"(i) the percentage of the extramural budget for research or research and development of the National Science Foundation or the Department of Health and Human Services, respectively, equal to the sum of—

"(I) the percentage in effect under this paragraph for the National Science Foundation or the Department of Health and Human Services, respectively, for the previous fiscal year; and

"(II)(aa) 0.07 percent; or

"(bb) if the extramural budget for research or research and development of the National Science Foundation or the Department of Health and Human Services, respectively, for the fiscal year is not less than 103 percent of such extramural budget for the previous fiscal year, 0.2 percent; or

"(ii) 4.5 percent of the extramural budget for research or research and development of the National Science Foundation or the Department of Health and Human Services, respectively.":

(2) in paragraph (2)(B), by inserting "(or for the Department of Defense, an amount of the budget for basic research of the Department of Defense)" after "research"; and

(3) in paragraph (4), by inserting "(or for the Department of Defense an amount of the budget for research, development, test, and evaluation of the Department of Defense)" after "of the agency".

(b) STTR.—Section 9(n)(1) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638(n)(1)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A)—

(A) by striking "expend" and inserting "obligate for expenditure"; and

(B) by striking "not less than the percentage of that extramural budget specified in subparagraph (B)" and inserting "for a Federal agency other than the Department of Defense, the National Science Foundation, or the Department of Health and Human Services, not less than the percentage of that extramural budget specified in subparagraph (B), for the Department of Defense, not less than the percentage of the budget for research, development, test, and evaluation of the Department of Defense specified in subparagraph (B), and for the National Science Foundation and the Department of Health and Human Services, not less than the percentage of that extramural budget specified in subparagraph (C)";

(2) in subparagraph (B)—

(A) in the subparagraph heading, by inserting "OTHER THAN FOR NSF AND HHS" after "AMOUNTS";

(B) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "the extramural budget required to be expended by an agency" and inserting "the extramural budget, for a Federal agency other than the Department of Defense, the National Science Foundation, or the Department of Health and Human Services, and of the budget for research, development, test, and evaluation, for the Department of Defense, required to be obligated for expenditure with small business concerns";

(C) in clause (iv), by striking "and" at the end:

(D) in clause (v), by striking "fiscal year 2016 and each fiscal year thereafter." and inserting "each of fiscal years 2016 through 2021;"; and

(E) by adding at the end the following:

"(vi) 0.5 percent for fiscal year 2022;

"(vii) 0.55 percent for fiscal year 2023;

"(viii) 0.6 percent for fiscal year 2024;

"(ix) 0.65 percent for fiscal year 2025; (x) 0.7 percent for fiscal year 2026;

"(xi) 0.75 percent for fiscal year 2027;

"(xii) 0.8 percent for fiscal year 2028;

"(xiii) 0.85 percent for fiscal year 2029;

"(xiv) 0.9 percent for fiscal year 2030; and

''(xv) 0.95 percent for fiscal year 2031 and each fiscal year thereafter.''; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

"(C) EXPENDITURE AMOUNTS FOR NSF AND HHS.—The percentage of the extramural budget required to be expended by the National Science Foundation and the Department of Health and Human Services in accordance with subparagraph (A) shall be—

"(i) for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2021, 0.45 percent; and

"(ii) for fiscal year 2022 and each fiscal year thereafter, the lesser of—

"(I) the percentage of the extramural budget for research or research and development